

CHURCH OF THE ASSUMPTION OF OUR LADY FLOOR PLANT

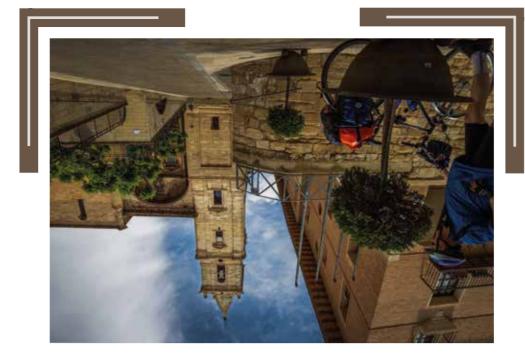
TOWER

PORTAL

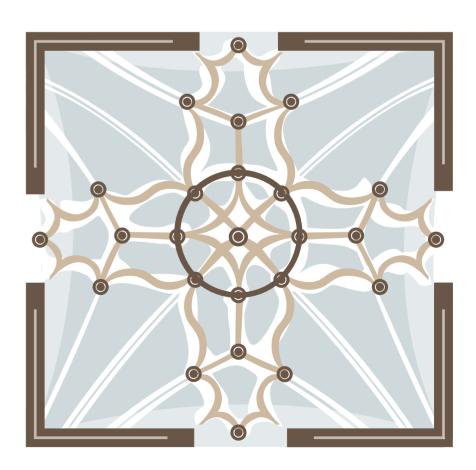
one after whom the church is named. The local shield also appears in the pier. crowded by a vaulted niche containing an image of our Lady of the Assumption, precisely the divided by Corinthian columns in the upper part and lonic ones in the lower part. The portal is porch, almost blinded, divided by a doorpost. It was conceived resembling an altarpiece The portal lies in the southern side of the second last segment and is set within an arched



constituted a prototype throughout the XVII century. It was finished in 1629. bne segment has openings for the bells. The tower was built by Pedro de Aguilera and one presents doubly ordered openings with straight lintels in the lower ones and bended in the structure. The lower segment is embellished with bas-relief decoration whereas the intermediate The tower is a stone construction made up of three segments, ending up with a pyramidal







ASUNCIÓN - ASSUMPTION - CHURCH, NAVARRETE (LA RIOJA)



.245i Pedro de Aguilera. It was not finished until bne streloč sb zsrša neul ze dolarte and Hernando de Mimenza, involing skilled stonewere started in 1553 by Juan Vallejo and was not finished until 1645. Building works three naves and an ogive shaped roofing. It fo qu abem antourts anots a si atarracture made up of The Church of the Assumption of our Lady

BUILDING PLAN

-emenots betuger for the help of reputed stonema-Corinthian columns were designed by Juan barrel vault with Renaissance decoration. a fo sigmes neiois for first Riojan sample of a panels. It is flanked by double cross chapels with an eight angled apse made out of five Cross shape is well marked and head ends up segment each, with lower and narrower sides. Church design involves three bodies with two

of the finest monuments in La Rioja. sons that contributed to make this church one

MAJOR ALTARPIECE

• The altarpiece is an impressive structure lying at the head of the central nave.

On the **basement** we find different scenes including the Visitation, Nativity, Epiphany, and the Flee to Egypt (lower section) as well as images of Saint John Baptist, Saint Peter, Saint Paul and Saint John Evangelist. On top of that there are four bas-reliefs related to the life of the Virgin Mary, such as the Presentation, the Nuptials or the visit to Saint Isabel.

The second body includes a three figure Calvary and also four other figures corresponding to Saint James the Apostle and saints Bartholomew, Matthias and Matthew.

Up in the attic there is a profusely decorated scene representing the Assumption of the Virgin Mary surrounded by angels and cherubs. In the keystone we find the image of Father God saying grace. There is also a three body tabernacle resembling the throne of the Virgin topped by a little dome with a representation of the Holy Spirit.

There are **twin collateral extensions** of the altarpiece which are simpler than the main one. They have Solomonic columns decorated with leaves and cherub heads. Here you find several saints such as St. Peter, St. Sebastian, St. Joseph, St. Blas, St. Catherine, St. Andrew, St. Barbara, St. Joachim, St. Lucy, St. Agnes and St. Roch. The latter is the patron saint of Navarrete. The exhibitor is dedicated to the image of our Lady of the Assumption.

The **main work** was started by Fernando de la Peña in 1694 and finished in 1698. A few years later the sculptor José de San Juan y Martín set the extensions plus the reliquary.



4 TRANSEPT ALTARPIECES: OUR LADY OF THE ROSARY AND SAINT JOSEPH

 Transept altarpieces: our Lady of the Rosary and Saint Joseph.
These two altarpieces were commissioned

to Francisco de Sabando and Manuel de Agreda llarduy in 1782, who also made the sacristy altarpiece representing Christ. The three altarpieces were painted by Valentín de Arambarri.

5 OLD RELIQUARY

It constitutes the only remain of a frustrated project (the great major altarpiece), which was commissioned to Martín de Nalda in 1605.



6 SAN FRANCISCO JAVIER ALTARPIECE

Solomonic columns, framing a canva: by brother Matías de Irala, from Madrid. It represents Saint Francisco Javier evangelizing in the West Indie: and was pained in 1720.

7 OTHER ALTARPIECES: VIRGIN OF THE ROSARY AND THE BLESSED SOULS

The first one, next to the church, is made out of a small sculpture resembling a vaulted niche surronded by embossed figures. They represent the mysteries o the Rosary and are embedded in an ova structure. The altarpiece was built by Martín de Nalda, whereas Juan de Ancheta made the sculpture itself. Beside this structure we find an altarpie

ce dedicated to the Purgatory souls made in 1649 by Juan de Viniés. It i crowned by another altarpiece b Martín de Nalda.





The organ was made by Jacinto del Río in 1639 and improved later on, in 1713, by Diego de Orío y Tejada.

SACRISTY

The sacristy hosts precious objects, including paintings such as the Flemish triptych of the Assumption by Ambrosius Benson (1540-1545).



0 BUST-RELIQUARY OF SAINTS JUSTA AND RUFINA

Navarrete could not miss the presence of the patron saints of the potters, the holy martyrs Justa and Rufina, as a bust-reliquary.

